

2025 年陕西省高职分类招生示范高职院校单独考试

文化素质测试试题

考生注意：

1. 答卷前，请将试题和答题卷装订线内考生信息栏的内容填写完整、清楚。
2. 所有题目的答案必须作在答题卷上。英语第 1 ~ 45 小题作答时，要求在答题卷上规定的区域内，用 2B 铅笔将各小题正确选项的字母涂黑。

语文（100 分）

一、积累和运用（25 分）

1. 下列各句中，所描述的节日不同于其他三项的是（ ）（3 分）

- A. 海上生明月，天涯共此时。
- B. 遥知兄弟登高处，遍插茱萸少一人。
- C. 但愿人长久，千里共婵娟。
- D. 昔年八月十五夜，曲江池畔杏园边。

2. 对下列各句的分析，正确的一项是（ ）（3 分）

- A. 2024 年，我国数字经济蓬勃发展，新业态、新模式如雨后春笋般涌现，为经济增长注入了强劲动力。（该句中成语使用不正确。）
- B. “社稷”原指土谷之神，“社”是土神，“稷”是谷神，古代君主都祭社稷，后来就用“社稷”代表国家。（该句文化常识表述正确。）
- C. 律诗是古体诗的一种，要求诗句字数整齐划一，每句五个字或七个字，简称“五律”或“七律”，律诗一般每首四句。（该句文学常识表述正确。）
- D. 2024 年，面对复杂多变的国际形势，中国积极推动构建人类命运共同体，就像一阵狂风，席卷全球，引领世界发展潮流。（该句主要运用了拟人的修辞手法。）

3. 下列各句中，表述有误的一项是（ ）（3 分）

- A. “空城计”是诸葛亮在北伐时，因马谡失守街亭，被迫撤兵，在西城用的计策。他大开城门，自己在城楼上焚香抚琴，吓退了周瑜的大军。
- B. 《红楼梦》中，“香菱学诗”这一情节，香菱拜林黛玉为师，在林黛玉的指导下，她勤奋刻苦，最终写出了让众人称赞的好诗，体现了香菱对诗歌的热爱和对知识的追求。

C.《儒林外史》通过对封建文人、官僚豪绅、市井无赖等各类人物的描写，深刻地揭露了封建科举制度的腐朽和对读书人的毒害，讽刺了封建社会的世态炎凉。

D.《老人与海》中，老人圣地亚哥在连续八十四天没捕到鱼的情况下，仍不放弃，终于独自钓上一条大马林鱼，尽管归程中鱼被鲨鱼啃食，但他凭借顽强的意志和永不言败的精神，拖着鱼骨架回到港口，展现出“人可以被毁灭，但不能被打败”的崇高精神。

4. 阅读语段，按要求完成下面的题目。（5分）

2024年，我们一起走过春夏秋冬，一道经历风雨彩虹，一个个瞬间定格在这不平凡的一年，令人感慨、难以忘怀。

（ ）我们积极应对国内外环境变化带来的影响，出台一系列政策“组合拳”，扎实推动高质量发展，（ ）我国经济回暖向好，国内生产总值预计超过130万亿元。粮食产量突破1.4万亿斤，中国碗装了更多中国粮。区域发展协同联动、积厚成势，新型城镇化和乡村振兴相互融合、同频共振。绿色低碳发展纵深推进，美丽中国画卷徐徐铺展。

（1）下列各句中，引号的作用与文段中“组合拳”引号作用相同的一项是（ ）（1分）

- A. 他在学校里总是被同学们称为“小博士”。
- B. 像这样奉行本本主义、不懂得灵活变通的“聪明人”，还是少一点好。
- C. 古人对于写文章有个基本要求，叫“有物有序”。

（2）给文段中两个括号内填入恰当的关联词，使句子逻辑连贯。（2分）

（3）“中国碗装了更多中国粮”这句话的含义是什么？请结合文段内容简要阐述。（2分）

5. 阅读苏轼的《水调歌头·明月几时有》，按要求完成下面的题目。（5分）

明月几时有？把酒问青天。不知天上宫阙，今夕是何年。我欲乘风归去，又恐琼楼玉宇，高处不胜寒。起舞弄清影，何似在人间。

转朱阁，低绮户，照无眠。不应有恨，何事长向别时圆？人有悲欢离合，月有阴晴圆缺，此事古难全。但愿人长久，千里共婵娟。

（1）根据词的内容，与上联“望月怀人，东坡把酒问青天”对仗最工整的下联是（ ）（2分）

- A. 思乡念旧，易安窗外黄花叹。
- B. 醉里挑灯，幼安沙场伤离乱。
- C. 登楼念远，青莲举杯邀明月。
- D. 凭栏远眺，放翁醉眼中原望。

（2）请以《水调歌头·明月几时有》为灵感，创作一条朋友圈文案，表达对美好

生活的向往，不超过 50 字。（3 分）

示例：品《水调歌头》，感东坡情思。愿生活似月，盈亏皆美，挚友常随，岁月尽是安然与欢畅。

6. 经典诗文默写。（6 分）

（1）_____，才下眉头，却上心头。（李清照《一剪梅》）

（2）见贤思齐焉，_____。（《论语·里仁》）

（3）陶渊明在《归园田居（其一）》中，用“_____，_____”两句，形象地写出了自己摆脱官场束缚，回归田园后的轻松与喜悦。

（4）毕业之际，同学们互写留言，你引用《送杜少府之任蜀州》中的“_____，_____”鼓励好友，即使分别，也不要因距离而伤感，真挚的友情不会被空间阻隔。

二、现代文阅读（25 分）

青春走不出那张地图

周勇

那年，我刚上高二，开学的第一天，同桌林江便凑过来和我咬耳朵：“今年的班主任是从‘上面’调来的，教地理，人送绰号‘追命先生’。”

开课第一天，我见到了被称之为“追命先生”的魏老师——30 多岁，一件很旧的蓝西服，蔫蔫地穿在瘦小的身体上。与他落魄外表相悖的是，他的嗓门很洪亮。“感谢同学们的爱戴，授予我‘追命’的称誉，我绝对不会辜负同学们的期望……”他压低声音，眼中闪烁着智慧的光芒，几乎是一字一顿地说道，“我会追着你到天涯海角！”

林江藏在课桌下的手有些发抖，他拽着我的衣角悄声说：“这个老师……很邪乎呢，怕是没好日子过了。”林江的话很快就应验了。

以前，我们每天下午的后两节课，会逃到隔壁职业高中的操场去踢足球。都是年龄差不多的学生，并且我们善于伪装，找来印有职业高中校名的背心穿上，混迹于球员中，谁还能认出我们是“李逵”，还是“李鬼”？谁知刚过了两天，正在球场上厮杀的我一脚远射，眼看进球的当儿，突然杀来一匹黑马，伸手一挡，便稳稳地接住了球。不，应该是“蓝马”，一个穿着蓝西服的熟悉身影——魏老师！我们足球也不要了，呼啦啦作鸟兽散。

真正被“追”得心惊胆战的要数我们翻墙逃课看录像的事情了。上世纪 90 年代初，县城的录像厅昼夜循环热播香港枪战片。那天傍晚，大雨滂沱，但这完全挡不住我们心中那熊熊燃烧着的明星英雄梦想。我们看到魏老师宿舍内灯火通明——看来他没有外出，何况这么个鬼天气，他是绝对想不到我们会在这时逃课去录像厅的。我们蹑手蹑脚来到围墙边。李阳个头大，第一个翻了过去，我们余下的在墙内等。不一会儿便听到李阳在墙外轻声呼喊着我们的名字，安全了！当我和林江迫不及待地爬上墙

头，还没来得及把腿翘上去，便看到一个打着伞的瘦高个儿，神不知鬼不觉地站在李阳身后。只听林江“妈呀”一声，便从墙头上掉了下去……墙外惊雷般的声音响了起来：“往哪儿跑！”

我们于是很恨他，冬天打碎他宿舍的玻璃，把他冻感冒，或者在讲台下放上图钉，扎他的脚……这样的“恶作剧”，让我们在后来的岁月中悔恨万千。真正令我唏嘘不已的，还是他及时地将一个叛逆的我从堕落的边缘追了回来。

那时，南下打工潮炙热汹涌，传言只要一踏上沿海那片土地，满地都是钞票。满脑子幼稚幻想的我，认为自己年轻有活力，完全能够让梦想在沿海那片土地上生根发芽。于是，我偷了家里的两百元钱，如传奇电影中豪情万丈的男主角那样，告别家乡，坐上火车“咣当咣当”去了东莞。一出车站，毫无社会经验的我便被小偷偷了个精光，然后，在车站如夜游神般晃荡的我被“请”进了收容站。虽然肚子问题暂时有了着落，却被告知要缴纳两千元罚款和保证金，再遣送回原户籍地。天！两千元几乎是农村家庭一年的收入，本想闯出一番天地后衣锦还乡，如今却要先搭上两千元，虚荣顽劣的我慌了。

就在我几乎绝望的时候，收容站的干部通知我说，收拾东西，你爸来接你了。我自小父亲病故，是不是认错人了？我睁开惺忪的双眼——很旧的蓝西服、瘦高个，魏老师？胡子恁长，脸恁瘦……

魏老师朝我屁股上“咣咣”就是两脚，吼了一个字：“走！”

那次，我突然感觉到，挨打也是温暖的。

魏老师仿佛有张“地图”，无论我们怎么“逃”，他总能找到我们，仿佛是“阴魂不散”的影子，是钻进肚子的“蛔虫”，又仿佛是威严慈祥的“守护神”。

我们在那段迷茫的岁月里，被他“追”得心惊肉跳、服服帖帖。

渐渐地，我们的心安顿下来，悬崖勒马，收心敛身返回课堂。

终于，一场追逐与被追逐的青春时光结束了。炙热的七月，我在县电视台公布的红榜中看到了自己的名字。拿到录取通知书的那天，我终于鼓起勇气说出了埋藏在心中的疑问：“魏老师，为什么你总能那么准确地‘追’到我们？”他的眼中依旧闪烁着光芒，不过这次声音很轻柔：“我是教地理的，我心中有地图！”

后来，我给魏老师写过一封信。我在信里说：“我一直庆幸且感动着，你从来没有将我们从那张‘地图’上删去，那种感觉，直到今日仍激荡在心中，温暖着我。”

7. 魏老师被称作“追命先生”，请简要概括能体现其“追命”特点的三件事。（5分）

8. 文中多次提到魏老师穿着“很旧的蓝西服”，有什么作用？（5分）

9. 请从修辞的角度赏析下列句子。（5分）

墙外惊雷般的声音响了起来：“往哪儿跑！”

10. 最后一段中的“地图”有什么深刻含义？（5分）

11. 如果魏老师是你的老师，你会和他成为好朋友吗？请结合文章中魏老师的特点，谈谈你的理由。（5分）

三、古代诗文阅读（20分）

飞将军

其后四岁，李广以卫尉^①为将军，出雁门^②击匈奴。匈奴兵多，破^③败广军，生得^④广。单于^⑤素闻广贤，令曰：“得李广必生致之。”胡骑得广，广时伤病，置广两马间，络而盛卧之。行十余里，广佯^⑥死，睨^⑦其旁有一胡儿骑善马，广暂^⑧腾而上胡儿马，因推堕儿，取其弓，鞭马南驰数十里，复得其余军，因引而入塞^⑨。匈奴捕者骑数百追之，广行取胡儿弓，射杀追骑，以故得脱。于是至汉，汉下广吏。吏当广所失亡多，为虏所生得，当斩，赎为庶人。

【注释】①卫尉：守卫皇宫的卫队指挥官。②雁门：当今山西省代县一带地区。③破：军事术语，意为“击溃”。④生得：活捉。⑤单(chán)于：匈奴君王的称号。⑥佯：假装。⑦睨(nì)：斜眼看。⑧暂：很快地，突然地。⑨塞(sài)：边境长城上的关口。

12. 解释下面句中加点词语的意思。（4分）

- (1) 单于素（ ）闻广贤
- (2) 鞭马南驰（ ）数十里
- (3) 因（ ）推堕儿，取其弓
- (4) 广时（ ）伤病

13. 请将下面的句子翻译成现代汉语。（8分）

- (1) 单于素闻广贤，令曰：“得李广必生致之。”（4分）
- (2) 广行取胡儿弓，射杀追骑，以故得脱。（4分）

14. 从这则故事中，可以看出李广具有哪些优秀品质？（4分）

15. 匈奴对李广的态度是怎样的？这对塑造李广的形象有什么作用？（4分）

四、作文（30分）

16. 按要求写作文。（30分）

生活中，我们常面临与自我、他人、世界的矛盾冲突，和解是一种智慧。请结合自身经历，以“和解，与自己和世界”为题目，写一篇作文。

要求：文体自选；不要套作，不得抄袭；不少于300字；不得透露真实地名、校名、人名等相关信息。

数学 (100 分)

一、选择题 (共 8 小题, 每小题 5 分, 计 40 分)

1. 已知集合 $A = \{2, 5, 7\}$, $B = \{1, 2, 3\}$, 则 $A \cup B =$ ().
A. $\{2\}$ B. $\{1, 2\}$ C. $\{1, 2, 3, 5, 7\}$ D. \emptyset
2. 圆的方程为 $(x-3)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 9$, 该圆的半径是 ().
A. 2 B. 3 C. 6 D. 9
3. 下列函数与函数 $y = x$ 相等的是 ().
A. $y = (\sqrt{x})^2$ B. $y = \sqrt{x^2}$ C. $y = \frac{x^2}{x}$ D. $y = (\sqrt[3]{x})^3$
4. 函数 $y = 3x^2 + 2x + 2$ 在区间 $[0, 2]$ 上的最大值是 ().
A. 12 B. 16 C. 18 D. 20
5. 已知抛物线方程为 $y^2 = 8x$, 其焦点坐标是 ().
A. $(1, 0)$ B. $(2, 0)$ C. $(0, 1)$ D. $(0, 0)$
6. 下列不等式正确的是 ().
A. $|x| > x$ B. $|x| \leq x$ C. $|x| < x$ D. $|x| \geq x$
7. 若函数 $y = ax + b$ 在 $(-\infty, +\infty)$ 上是减函数, 则 ().
A. $a > 0$ B. $b > 0$ C. $a < 0$ D. $b < 0$
8. 下列函数中, 最小正周期为 π , 且图象关于直线 $x = \frac{\pi}{3}$ 对称的是 ().
A. $y = \sin(2x - \frac{\pi}{6})$ B. $y = \sin(\frac{x}{2} - \frac{\pi}{3})$
C. $y = \sin(2x + \frac{\pi}{6})$ D. $y = \sin(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{\pi}{6})$

二、填空题 (共 5 小题, 每小题 6 分, 计 30 分)

9. 已知向量 $a = (3, -2)$, $b = (1, 3)$, 则向量 $a \cdot b$ 等于_____.
10. 已知函数 $f(x) = x^2 - 5x + 3$, 若 $f'(x) = 0$, 则 x 的值为_____.
11. 圆柱的侧面展开图是边长分别为 4、2 的矩形, 则圆柱的体积为_____.
12. 已知集合 $A = \{x \mid x^2 - 5x + 6 = 0\}$, 集合 $B = \{x \mid x^2 - 3x + 2 = 0\}$, 则 $A \cap B =$ _____.
13. 函数 $f(x) = 2x^3 - 5x^2 + 4x + 1$ 的单调递增区间是_____.

三、答题 (共 3 小题, 每小题 10 分, 计 30 分. 解答时应写出过程)

14. 已知 $0 < \alpha < 2\pi$, 且 $\sin \alpha, \cos \alpha$ 是方程 $x^2 - kx + k + 1 = 0$ 的两根, 求 k 值.

15. 已知等差数列 $\{a_n\}$ 前四项和为 5, 且 a_2, a_3, a_7 成等比数列, 求 a_n 的通项公式.

16. 已知两点 $P_1(3, 5)$ 和 $P_2(7, 3)$.

(1) 求以 P_1P_2 为直径的圆的方程;

(2) 试判断点 $M(6, 9), N(3, 3), Q(3, 4)$ 是在圆上, 在圆内, 还是在圆外.

英语 (100 分)

I. 单项选择 (共 20 小题, 每小题 1 分, 计 20 分)

从下面各小题给出的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个最佳选项。

1. Tom is now ____ university student and still spends ____ hour studying English every day.

A. a; a

B. an; a

C. a; an

D. a; the

2. Let's leave the problem till tomorrow. I'm ____ tired ____ think about it now.

A. so; that

B. too; to

C. enough; to

D. such; as

3. Larry can get the book on the bookcase because his arms are longer than ____.

A. I

B. me

C. my

D. mine

4. The sports meeting ____ fall on April 14th. It is up to the weather.

A. must

B. should

C. might

D. can

5. Because of online classes, ____ of the teachers and students spend a lot of time on the computer.

A. all

B. none

C. either

D. each

6. I don't like the soap operas. The main ____ is that the stories are usually too long.

A. culture

B. reason

C. novel

D. company

7. Chinese parents love their children very much, ____ they hardly ever say 'I love you'.

A. or

B. so

C. because

D. although

8. Our teacher is ____ one I have ever known these years.

A. scary

B. the scarier

C. the scariest

D. most scary

9. I'm sorry that I took your pen by mistake.

It's okay. Everyone ____ mistakes sometimes.

A. makes

B. make

C. made

D. making

10. — ____ do you go to the sports club?

—At least once a week.

- A. How long B. How often C. How much D. How far
11. We all think he is unfriendly to us. ____, he doesn't know how to talk with people in a right way.
A. All in all B. In the end C. Therefore D. In fact
12. The speaker raised her voice a bit but still couldn't make herself _____.
A. hear B. to hear C. heard D. hearing
13. I argued with my best friend yesterday. She is angry with me now. The underlined part means '_____'.
A. is mad at B. is worried about C. is surprised at D. is strict with
14. I think friends should be similar _____ each other.
A. to B. with C. as D. from
15. —We should study hard for our dream.
—I _____ you.
A. talk with B. care about C. agree with D. look after
16. Excuse me, could you help me? I don't know _____ exchange money.
A. how B. how to C. how can D. how can I
17. —That's _____ Tom told me the other day.
—Thank you for telling me the truth.
A. that B. where C. when D. what
18. Mary, you _____ the exam! Congratulations!
A. pass B. have passed C. will pass D. are passing
19. —I am going to the Great Wall next week.
—Wow, _____.
A. good luck B. you're welcome C. that's right D. have fun
20. —Oh, sorry! I forgot to bring your umbrella.
—_____. It is sunny. I don't need it today.
A. Never mind B. I have no idea C. I'm afraid so D. I hope so

II. 完形填空 (共 10 小题, 每小题 3 分, 计 30 分)

根据短文内容, 从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个能填入相应空格内的最佳答案。

I am always busy and have too many things to do. Whenever my daughter causes me to change my plans, the two words I always say to her are: 21.

The other day, the two of us rode to a(n) 22 near our home. 23 shopping, I bought an ice-cream, and she sat down at the table happily enjoying the ice-cream in her hand.

Suddenly, she became 24 . “Do I have to eat up in a hurry, Mum?”

I nearly cried when hearing this. She looked at me carefully waiting to know if she could take her time. I knew I had to make a 25 . I thought of the times when I rushed my child through life. I began to wonder what really 26 in life.

“You don’t have to hurry. Just enjoy it,” I said gently. 27 she was happy again. We sat side by side talking about something interesting.

When she got to the last bite, she held it out to me. “I 28 the last bite for you, Mum,” she said 29 . I realized I just got the present of a lifetime. I gave my child a little time...and 30 , she gave me her last bite. It also reminded me that things taste sweeter and love is easier to get when you stop rushing through life.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|
| 21. A. Keep quiet | B. Take care | C. Hurry up | D. Work hard |
| 22. A. station | B. school | C. office | D. supermarket |
| 23. A. If | B. Through | C. After | D. Until |
| 24. A. worried | B. tired | C. excited | D. bored |
| 25. A. mark | B. plan | C. wish | D. change |
| 26. A. depends | B. matters | C. costs | D. wonders |
| 27. A. Although | B. Because | C. But | D. So |
| 28. A. bought | B. carried | C. saved | D. tasted |
| 29. A. happily | B. quietly | C. sadly | D. patiently |
| 30. A. in time | B. in return | C. in trouble | D. in danger |

III. 阅读理解（共 10 小题，每小题 2 分，计 20 分）

阅读下面两篇短文，根据短文内容，从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

Passage One

Mr. White had a large factory. One day, he went into his office early in the morning to get ready for travelling by train.

He met Tom when he was leaving his office. Tom was a night watchman(守夜人) in Mr. White’s factory. He just came off work. After saying ‘Good morning’ to Mr. White, Tom told him his dream: last night he dreamed Mr. White’s train had an accident and many people died. Hearing this, Mr. White decided to go by air.

Tom’s dream came true. That morning the accident happened and many people died. Later Mr. White came back to his office and heard the accident. For his words, Mr. White gave Tom 1000 dollars with a letter. He told Tom that a man like him should be fired. Tom was surprised and asked ‘Why’. Mr. White said, ‘Go home and read the letter, and you will

know why.'

Tom went home and opened the letter in a hurry. After reading it, he became very sad. In the letter, there were only several words. But it was enough to tell him the reason.

Can you guess why?

31. Tom told Mr. White about his dream. It means that he was _____.
A. A clever man B. a kind man C. a bad man D. good at working
32. What does the underlined phrase 'be fired' mean?
A. 被升职 B. 被打击 C. 被保护 D. 被解雇
33. When Tom opened the letter, he knew _____.
A. that he had got 1000 dollars B. why he was fired
C. that Mr. White thanked him a lot D. that he was fired
34. From the passage, we know that Mr. White was _____.
A. a short man B. a funny man C. a careful man D. an unlucky man
35. What are the words in the letter?
A. Thanks a lot for telling me your dream.
B. You had a terrible dream.
C. No dream at night for a night watchman.
D. Terrible dream, better paid.

Passage Two

Judy often writes for her school's newspaper. Now she wants to write something about friends. Here are her interviews with four classmates.

Judy: Can you tell me something about your friends?

Cindy: My friend Jenny is quite different from me. She is taller and more outgoing. We are friends because we are both interested in music. She is good at Chinese, but I do well in math. Anyway, both of us are hard - working.

John: My good friend is Bill. Both of us like playing basketball. We joined the school sports club together. Every Wednesday to Friday, we go to play basketball after school. Bill is better at it.

Betty: Lily is my good friend. She is 17 and I'm 16. We are quite similar. Strawberries are our favorite fruit. And I am as outgoing and hard - working as her.

Michael: Wilson is a quiet boy, but I like talking with friends. So you can see I'm more outgoing than him. Both of us enjoy reading. We often ride to the library together on weekends. Friends don't need to be the same.

36. Why are Cindy and Jenny friends?
 A. Because they have the same interest.
 B. Because both of them are hard - working.
 C. Because they are good to each other.
 D. Because they can help each other with studies.
37. Who is better at playing basketball?
 A. John. B. Bill. C. Michael. D. Wilson.
38. What can we know about Betty?
 A. She is one year younger than Lily.
 B. She doesn't like the same fruit as Lily.
 C. She is quite different from Lily.
 D. She is not as hard - working as Lily.
39. Who likes to talk with his/her friends?
 A. Cindy. B. Betty. C. John. D. Michael.
40. What can we learn from the reading?
 A. Judy is a teacher. B. Michael doesn't enjoy reading.
 C. Cindy is good at math. D. Bill didn't join the sports club with John.

IV. 补全对话（共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，计 10 分）

根据对话情景，从方框中选择适当的句子补全对话，每句话只能用一次。

- A: Mary, long time no see. 41
 B: I am getting ready for the coming school talent show.
 A: What talent do you want to show?
 B: 42
 A: Sounds good. 43
 B: An English song.
 A: What do you think of your show?
 B: 44
 A: When will the talent show be?
 B: Next Saturday. 45
 A: OK. I'll take photos of you.

- A: I want to sing with my friends.
 B: What song do you plan to sing?
 C: It's great, but we need more practice.
 D: What are you busy doing these days?
 E: You can come and watch it if you are free then.

V. 语法填空 (共 10 小题, 每题 1 分, 计 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入一个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Some students are not 46 (interest) in maths. They think it's difficult. But actually, it isn't hard to learn maths well. Here 47 (be) some useful ideas for you.

Listen carefully in all your maths 48 (class). When you listen to the teachers 49 (good), you can understand much. You can also ask your maths teacher to help you when you don't understand any problems in class.

Your maths teacher isn't always with you. You can ask 50 (you) classmates when you find it is too difficult to work a maths problem 51. They must be really happy 52 (help) you.

Do you want to be good at maths? Do maths exercises every day. It 53 (need) time. You can't learn it well in a day.

Maths is difficult 54 interesting. Let's do our best to learn 55 subject well.

VI. 填空题 (共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 计 10 分)

根据所给的汉语内容, 用英语完成下列句子, 每空限填一词。

56. 你应该先给她道歉。

You should _____ sorry _____ her first.

57. 这条裙子很舒服, 感觉像丝绸一样。

The dress is comfortable. It _____ silk.

58. 萨姆和我都在学校乐队里。

Sam and I _____ in the school band.

59. 不但是王老师就连我同桌小红都经常帮我学习英语。

_____ Miss Wang but also my deskmate Xiao Hong often helps me with my English.

60. 在长时间阅读后, 我们应该放松一会儿。

We should relax for a while _____ for a long time.